

KODIAK SPORT FISH MANAGEMENT AREA



Ayakulik River

The king salmon run fell below the Biological Escapement Goal (BEG) of 4,800-8,400 fish with a weir count of 2,149 salmon. As in 2017, the weir count should be considered a minimum number as high water prompted weir panels to be pulled several times at the peak of the king salmon run. A DIDSON sonar was installed but was only occasionally able to differentiate king salmon from sockeye salmon; therefore, estimates were made using 10-year average counts for the days the weir was out. The mid-point of the run occurred on June 21, 2018, which is similar to historical run-timing.

Management Actions

• A preseason emergency order effective June 1, 2018, prohibited the retention of king salmon in the Ayakulik River drainage.

Table 1. Summary of preliminary catch, harvest, and escapement, Ayakulik River king salmon fishery, 2018.

Escapement Goal Range	BEG = 4,800-8,400
Total Catch	TBD
Total Harvest	0
Weir Count	2,149
Preliminary Escapement	2,149

Karluk River

The king salmon run was within the BEG of 3,000-7,000 fish with a weir count of 3,154 salmon, which was only the 4th time in the previous 10 years. The mid-point of the run occurred on June 23, 2018, which is similar to historical run-timing. The Karluk River has been not been open to the harvest of king salmon since 2007 and sport fishing for king salmon has been entirely closed since 2008.



Management Actions

 A preseason emergency order effective June 1, 2018, closed the Karluk River drainage to sport fishing for king salmon. In addition, the use of bait was prohibited and only one unbaited, single-hook artificial lure was allowed in the Karluk River drainage below Karluk Lake.

Table 2. Summary of preliminary catch, harvest and escapement, Karluk River king salmon fishery, 2018.

Escapement Goal Range	BEG = 3,000-6,000	
Total Catch	TBD	
Total Harvest	0	
Weir Count	3,154	
Preliminary Escapement	3,154	

Chignik River

The king salmon run fell below the BEG of 1,300-2,700 fish with a weir count of 825 salmon and was one of the lowest counts on record similar to early run sockeye salmon in the drainage. The mid-point of the run occurred on July 15, 2018, which is similar to historical run-timing.

Management Actions

 On July 13, 2018, the Chignik River drainage closed to sport fishing for king salmon. In addition, the use of bait was prohibited and only one unbaited, single-hook artificial lure was allowed.

Table 3. Summary of preliminary catch, harvest and escapement, Chignik River king salmon fishery, 2018.

Escapement Goal Range	BEG = 1,300-2,700
Total Catch	TBD
Total Harvest	TBD
Weir Count	825
Preliminary Escapement	825

Nelson River

The 2018 weir count for king salmon was 5,022 fish. This was above BEG of 2,400-4,400 salmon. There is no retention in this fishery throughout the season based on regulations enacted in 2011. The weir count does not include a post-season estimate to be added from fish observed below the weir. The mid-point of the run occurred on July 2, 2018, which is earlier than historical run-timing.

Management Actions

• No management actions were implemented during the 2018 sport fishery.



Table 4. Summary of preliminary catch, harvest and escapement, Nelson River king salmon fishery, 2018.

Escapement Goal Range	BEG = 2,400-4,400
Total Catch	0
Total Harvest	0
Weir Count	5,022
Preliminary Escapement	5,022

Stocked Kodiak Road System Streams

Each year the Olds River, American River, and Salonie Creek are stocked with up to 80,000 king salmon smolt. The stocked Kodiak road system streams had low returns this year and little harvest in the sport fishery this year. Returns to the Olds River produced some early king salmon that were caught in Kalsin Bay and the lower Olds River, but much fewer than expected. Returns to the American River were also lower than expected though anglers did catch some fish. Salonie Creek had a few more fish return and was the primary collection point for broodstock for the project this season. Though king salmon have not been stocked in Monashka creek in the past three years, this would have been the last year of returns to the creek but no king salmon were seen returning to Monashka Creek. Egg take goals were not met this year. To compensate for this shortfall, extra coho salmon are stocked to supplement king salmon production. The 2018 king salmon egg take spawned 22 pairs which should produce at least 100,000 eggs, though this is well short of the goal to release 200,000 king salmon smolt. Coho salmon will be taken again in early November to supplement this shortfall.

Management Actions

• A preseason emergency order effective June 1, 2018, prohibited sport fishing for king salmon in the waters of Monashka Creek drainage and Monashka Bay in order to obtain enough king salmon broodstock to stock the Kodiak road system streams.



Karluk River

The early sockeye salmon run fell within the BEG of 150,000-250,000 fish with a weir count of 198,877 salmon. Little harvest occurs upstream of the weir and escapement is likely equal to the weir count. Harvest of sockeye salmon by anglers on the Karluk River is minimal compared to the size of the run but it remains one of the larger sockeye salmon sport fisheries on Kodiak.

Management Actions

• No management actions were implemented during the 2018 sport fishery.



Ayakulik River

The early sockeye salmon run fell within the BEG of 140,000-280,000 fish with a weir count of 189,088 salmon. Harvest of sockeye salmon by anglers on the Ayakulik River is minimal compared to the size of the run but it remains one of the larger sockeye salmon sport fisheries on Kodiak.

Management Actions

• No management actions were implemented during the 2018 sport fishery.

Buskin River

The sockeye salmon run fell below the BEG of 5,000-8,000 fish with a weir count of 4,278 salmon. No harvest occurs upstream of the weir which is located just downstream from Buskin Lake and escapement is equal to the weir count. The mid-point of the run occurred on July 22, 2018, which is about a month later than historical run-timing. The Buskin River sockeye salmon run followed trends seen in many other systems throughout the state such as Chignik, Afognak, and Copper rivers.

Management Actions

• On June 16, 2018, the Buskin River sockeye salmon sport fishery was closed.

Saltery Cove

The sockeye salmon run was within the escapement goal of 15,000-35,000 fish with a weir count of 22,845 salmon. No harvest occurs upstream of the weir and escapement is equal to the weir count. The mid-point of the run occurred on July 23, 2018, which is slightly later than historical run-timing. This is the largest freshwater sport fishery on Kodiak by angler effort and harvest for a single stock. This fishery had been liberalized annually since 2015 and in most years since weir operation began in 2009; however, the run was somewhat smaller and later than most recent years.

Management Actions

- On July 12, 2018, the Saltery Cove drainage sockeye salmon bag and possession limits were reduced to two fish per day and in possession.
- On July 31, 2018, the Saltery Cove drainage sockeye salmon bag and possession limits were restored to five fish.

Pasagshak River

The sockeye salmon run came in below the lower bound Sustainable Escapement Goal (SEG) of 3,000 fish with a weir count of 2,019 salmon. No harvest occurs upstream of the weir and escapement is equal to the weir count. This run followed similar trends to the Buskin and many other sockeye salmon runs statewide. The mid-point of the run occurred on July 24, 2018, which is later than historical run-timing. The weir has only been in operation since 2011.

Management Actions

• On July 12, 2018, the Pasagshak River drainage sockeye salmon sport fishery was closed.



Afognak River

The sockeye salmon run came in below the BEG of 20,000-50,000 fish with a weir count of 17,601 salmon. This is one of the earliest sockeye salmon runs on the island but followed the trends of most other early sockeye runs being late and weak. The mid-point of the run occurred on June 27, 2018 and was later than historical run-timing.

Management Actions

• On June 16, 2018, the Afognak River drainage sockeye salmon sport fishery closed.



Buskin River

The BEG for Buskin River coho salmon is 4,700-9,600 fish and the 2018 run is ongoing. The run is expected to be within the BEG range, but counts are lower than usual due to low water conditions prevalent for much of the season so far. To date, 998 coho salmon have been counted through the weir located about one mile upstream from the river mouth. The weir will be operated through the end of September when coho salmon returns have typically started to wane.

Management Actions

• To date, no management actions were implemented for the 2018 sport fishery.

Olds River

The lower bound SEG for Olds River coho salmon is 1,000 fish and the 2018 run is ongoing. The 2018 run is expected to be above the range and the run appears to be strong, though Olds River has also been affected by low water conditions. The latest drone survey resulted in well over 1,000 coho counted, though sport fishing harvest will occur for a few weeks still. The Olds River coho salmon run is assessed via in season drone surveys and post season foot surveys. Final escapement estimates will be documented via post season foot surveys in October.

Management Actions

• To date, no management actions have been implemented during the 2018 sport fishery.

American River

The lower bound SEG for American River coho salmon is 400 fish and the 2018 run is ongoing. The 2018 run is expected to be above the range and the run appears average so far. The latest drone survey resulted in approximately 300 coho salmon counted and similar low water conditions are affecting this drainage as well. The American River coho salmon run is assessed via in season drone surveys and post season foot surveys. Final escapement estimates will be documented via post season foot surveys in October.

Management Actions

• To date, no management actions have been implemented during the 2018 sport fishery.



Pasagshak River

The lower bound SEG for Pasagshak River coho salmon is 1,200 fish and the 2018 run is ongoing. The 2018 run is expected to be above the range and recent observations indicate a strong run. The latest drone survey resulted in more than 1,200 coho salmon counted, though sport harvest will continue for a few weeks. The Pasagshak River coho salmon run is assessed via in season drone surveys and post season foot surveys. Final escapement estimates will be documented via post season foot surveys in November.

Management Actions

• On September 22, 2018, the coho salmon bag and possession limits, 20 inches or greater in length, were increased to two fish in the Pasagshak River drainage.



Table 1 – Select Southcentral Region Salmon Escapement Goals and Escapements, 2009 to 2018 (preliminary).

	2017 Go:		т	Initial	2000	2010	2011	2012	2012	2011	2015	201 -	2015	Preliminar
ystem ING SALMON	Lower	Upper	Type	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	201
ristol Bay														
Nushagak River	55,000	120,000	SEG	2013	74,781	56,088	102,258	167,618	107,602	70,482	98,019	125,368	56,961	97,23
Alagnak River	2,700		LB SEG	2007	1,957	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	917	1,283	435	N
odiak/Alaska Peninsula														
Karluk River	3,000	6,000	BEG	2011	1,306	2,917	3,420	3,197	1,824	1,182	2,777	3,434	2,600	3,15
Ayakulik River	4,800	8,400	BEG	2017	2,615	5,197	4,251	4,556	2,304	789	2,392	4,594	3,712	
Chignik River Nelson River	1,300 2,400	2,700 4,400	BEG BEG	2002 2004	1,590 2,048	3,845 2,767	2,490 1,704	1,404 1,192	1,185 1,421	2,895 3,801	2,041 2,440	1,843 4,618	1,137 1,502	5,02
pper Cook Inlet	2,400	4,400	BLO	2004	2,040	2,707	1,704	1,192	1,421	3,601	2,440	4,010	1,302	3,02
Alexander Creek	2,100	6,000	SEG	2002	275	177	343	181	588	911	1,117	754	170	29
Campbell Creek	380	0,000	LB SEG	2011	554	290	260	NS	NS	274	654	544	475	
Chuitna River	1,200	2,900	SEG	2002	1,040	735	719	502	1,690	1,398	1,965	1,372	235	93
Chulitna River	1,800	5,100	SEG	2002	2,093	1,052	1,875	667	1,262	1,011	3,137	1,151	NC	1,12
Clear (Chunilna) Creek	950	3,400	SEG	2002	1,205	903	512	1,177	1,471	1,390	1,205	NS	780	94
Crooked Creek	650	1,700	SEG	2002	617	1,088	654	631	1,103	1,411	1,459	1,747	911	71
Deshka River	13,000	28,000	SEG	2011	11,967	18,594	19,026	14,010	18,531	16,335	24,316	22,874	11,383	8,54
Goose Creek	250	650	SEG	2002	65	76	80	57	62	232	NC 6 100	NC 0.177	148	9
Kenai River - Early Run (all fish)	eliminated ^a		one	2017	6,163	6,393	8,448	5,044	2,148	5,311	6,190	9,177		
Kenai River - Early Run (large fish)	3,900	6,600	OEG	2017									6,553	3,00
Vanai Diaga I ata Dan (all Gab)	2,800	5,600	SEG	2017	21,390	16 210	10.690	27.710	15,395	16,263	22.626	18,790		
Kenai River - Late Run (all fish)	eliminated	27.000	OP.C	2017	21,390	16,210	19,680	27,710	13,393	10,203	22,626	18,790	20.721	16.00
Kenai River - Late Run (large fish) Lewis River	13,500 250	27,000 800	SEG SEG	2017 2002	111	56	92	107	61	61	5 ^b	0	20,731 0 ^b	16,95
Little Susitna River (Aerial) ^c	900	1,800	SEG	2002	1,028	589	887	1,154	1,651	1,759	1,507	1,622	1,192	
Little Susitna River (Aeriai)	2,100	4,300	SEG	2002	1,020	369	007	1,134	1,031	1,739	1,507	1,022	2,531	54
Little Willow Creek	450	1,800	SEG	2002	776	468	713	494	858	684	788	675	840	28
Montana Creek	1,100	3,100	SEG	2002	1,460	755	494	416	1,304	953	1,416	692	603	41
Peters Creek	1,000	2,600	SEG	2002	1,283	NC	1,103	459	1,643	1,443	1,514	1,122	307	1,6
Prairie Creek	3,100	9,200	SEG	2002	3,500	3,022	2,038	1,185	3,304	2,812	3,290	1,853	1,930	1,1
Sheep Creek	600	1,200	SEG	2002	500	NC	350	363	NC	262	NC	NC	NC	3
Talachulitna River	2,200	5,000	SEG	2002	2,608	1,499	1,368	847	2,285	2,256	2,582	4,295	1,087	1,48
Theodore River	500	1,700	SEG	2002	352	202	327	179	476	312	426	68	21	
Willow Creek	1,600	2,800	SEG	2002	1,133	1,173	1,061	756	1,752	1,335	2,046	1,814	1,329	4
ower Cook Inlet														
Anchor River	3,800	7,600	SEG	2017	3,455	4,449	3,545	4,509	4,388	2,497	10,049	7,146	5,796	3,04
Deep Creek	350		LB SEG	2017	483	387	696	447	475	601	535	NS	753	2,19
Ninilchik River	750	1,300	SEG	2017	528	605	668	555	571	891	874	572	855	94
OHO SALMON odiak/Alaska Peninsula														
Buskin River	4,700	9,600	BEG	2014	9,583	6,239	5,298	4,906	4,401	7,345	3,363	2,513	5,559	1,06
Olds River	1,000	9,000	LB SEG	2014	697	NA	1,003	624	2,145	1,320	1,357	1,634	10,54	1,00
American River	400		LB SEG	2011	639	NA	1,061	427	841	1,595	530	500	410	
Pasagshak River	1,200		LB SEG	2011	2,385	1,971	1,083	3,132	1,648	4,934	1,790	667	701	1,20
pper Cook Inlet	1,200		LD DEG	2011	2,505	1,7/1	1,000	3,132	1,010	1,551	1,770	007	701	.,20
Fish Creek (Knik)	1,200	4,400	SEG	2011	8,214	6,977	1,428 ^d	1,237	7,593 ^d	10,283	7,912	2,484	8,966	5,02
Jim Creek	450	1,400	SEG	2014	1,331	242	229	213	663	122	571	106	607	75
Little Susitna River	10,100	17,700	SEG	2002	9,523	9,214	4,826	6,779	13,583°	24,211	12,756°	10,049	17,781	7,58
Deshka River	10,200	24,100	SEG	2017									36,869	12,96
OCKEYE SALMON														
ristol Bay														
Kvichak River	2,000,000	10,000,000	SEG	2010	2,266,140	4,207,410	2,264,352	4,164,444	2,088,576	4,458,540	7,341,612	4,462,728	3,163,404	4,398,70
Alagnak River (Tower) ⁸	320,000		LB SEG	2007	970,818	1,187,730	883,794	861,747	1,095,950	200,524	5,770,650	NA	2,041,825	1,581,42
Alagnak River (Aerial) ⁿ	125,000	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	LB SEG	2016		4 440 000	4 488 084	000 010	000 440	4 484 480	4.000.054	696,400	629,200	
Naknek River	800,000 800,000	2,000,000	SEG ¹	2015 2015	1,169,466 1,146,276	1,463,928 927,054	1,177,074 961,200	900,312 1,233,900	938,160 1,113,630	1,474,428 1,382,466	1,920,954 2,160,792	1,691,910 1,837,260	1,899,972 2,600,982	2,221,15
Egegik River Ugashik River	500,000	1,400,000	SEG	2015	1,364,338	830,886	1,029,853	670,578	898,110	640,158	1,564,638	1,635,270	1,186,446	1,167,79
Wood River	700,000	1,800,000	SEG	2015	1,319,232	1,804,344	1,098,006	764,202	1,183,348	2,764,614	1,941,474	1,309,707	4,274,224	7,507,25
Igushik River	150,000	400,000	SEG	2015	514,188	518,040	421,380	193,770	387,036	340,590	651,172	469,230	578,700	
Nushagak River	260,000	760,000	OEG	2012	484,149	468,696	428,191	432,438	894,172	618,477	796,684	680,513	2,852,308	1,164,70
odiak/Alaska Peninsula		,			10.,212	,	,.,.	102,100		010,	1,0,00	000,010		2,20.,,1
Buskin River	5,000	8,000	BEG	2011	7,757	9,800	11,982	8,565	16,189	13,976	8,719	11,584	7,214	4,28
Afognak River	20,000	50,000	BEG	2005	31,358	52,255	49,193	41,553	42,153	36,345	38,151	33,167	22,151	17,60
Saltery River	15,000	35,000	BEG	2011	43,468	24,102	27,803	25,155	35,939	29,047	42,468	57,867	39,315	22,84
Pasagshak River	3,000		ower-bound SEG	2011	1,400	4,800	8,100	2,600	9,750	1,582	2,077	7,053	11,021	2,0
Karluk River	150,000	250,000	BEG	2014	52,798	71,453	87,049	188,085	234,880	252,097	233,036	164,760	235,225	475,27
Ayakulik River	140,000	280,000	SEG	2011	200,648	201,933	177,480	213,501	214,969	210,040	218,178	182,589	204,497	266,33
Fraser River	75,000	170,000	BEG	2008	101,845	94,680	134,642	148,884	136,059	200,296	219,093	122,585	129,227	201,16
pper Cook Inlet	15 000	45.000	SEG	2017	92.400	126 926	66.670	10 012	10.012	42.015	102 200	46 202	62 002	72.11
Fish Creek (Knik) Kasilof River	15,000 160,000	45,000 390,000	OEG	2017	83,480	126,836	66,678	18,813 372,523	18,912 487,700	43,915 438,238	102,309 470,677	46,202 239,981	63,882 358,724	72,15 394,28
Kasirol Kiver	160,000	340,000	BEG	2011	324,783	293,765	243,767	372,323	467,700	458,258	4/0,6/7	239,981	338,724	394,28
Kenai River ^J	OEG eliminate		DLU	2017	848,117	1,038,302	1,280,733	1,212,921	980,208	1.218.342	1,400,047	1,120,717		
	700,000	1,200,000	SEG	2017	5 70,117	1,000,002	1,200,733	1,212,721	,30,200	1,210,342	1,100,047	1,120,717	1,055,091	N
Russian River - Early Run	22,000	42,000	BEG	2011	52,178	27,074	29,129	24,115	35,776	44,920	50,226	38,739	37,123	
Russian River - Late Run	30,000	110,000	SEG	2005	80,088	38,848	41,529	54,911	31,364	52,277	46,223	37,837	45,012	
Chelatna Lake	20,000	45,000	SEG	2017	17,721	37,784	70,353	36,577	70,555	26,212	69,750	60,792	26,986	
Judd Lake	15,000	40,000	SEG	2017	44,616	18,361	39,997	18,303	14,088	22,416	47,684	NA	35,731	30,84
Larson Lake	15,000	35,000	SEG	2017	40,933	20,324	12,413	16,708	21,821	12,040	23,214	14,333	31,866	
ower Cook Inlet														
English Bay	6,000	13,500	SEG	2002	18,183	12,253	9,920	3,444	10,891	7,832	6,290	7,673	20,751	18,08
Delight Lake	5,100	10,600	SEG	2017	12,700	23,775	20,190	10,887	5,961	22,289	3,220	5,110	5,380	
Desire Lake	4,800	11,900	SEG	2017	16,000	6,320	9,630	8,840	8,400	11,480	2,830	6,740		
Bear Lake	700	8,300	SEG	2002	10,364	8,880	9,608	8,031	8,999	9,090	9,560	9,011	9,207	12,75
ote: NA = data not available; NC = no d Kenai River early-run Chinook salmon ((all fish) SEG v													
				as pulled before	e end of run.		in 2015 1	una w	nullad bee	-1-6-				
Lewis River mouth naturally obstructed Little Susitna River Chinook salmon aer Incomplete counts for Fish Creek (Knik			M					neo woir was r	milled before					
Little Susitna River Chinook salmon aer Incomplete counts for Fish Creek (Knik Incomplete counts for Little Susitna Riv	er coho salmor	n in 2013 and C							Junea Derore	end of run.				
Little Susitna River Chinook salmon aer Incomplete counts for Fish Creek (Knik Incomplete counts for Little Susitna Riv Prior to 2010 Kvichak River had a pre-p	er coho salmor peak/peak-cycl	n in 2013 and C e escapement g	oal of 6-10 million	sockeye and ar	off-peak escap	pement goal o			Junea Delore	end of run.				
Little Susitna River Chinook salmon aer Incomplete counts for Fish Creek (Knik Incomplete counts for Little Susitna Riv Prior to 2010 Kvichak River had a pre-p	er coho salmor peak/peak-cycl	n in 2013 and C e escapement g	oal of 6-10 million	sockeye and ar	off-peak escap	pement goal o			puncu berore	end of run.				
Little Susitna River Chinook salmon aer Incomplete counts for Fish Creek (Knik Incomplete counts for Little Susitna Riv Prior to 2010 Kvichak River had a pre-paton 2009 to 2015 Alagnak River sockeye sa Alagnek River sockeye salmon aerial su	er coho salmor peak/peak-cycle lmon escapeme rvey-based esc	n in 2013 and C e escapement g ents for Alagnal capement goal v	oal of 6-10 million k River (Tower) es vill be used in years	sockeye and ar capement goal s that the Alagn	off-peak escap are expanded a ak River tower	pement goal of erial surveys. is not operate	f 2-10 million		suited before	end of run.				
Little Susitna River Chinook salmon aer Incomplete counts for Fish Creek (Knik Incomplete counts for Little Susitna Riv Prior to 2010 Kvichak River had a pre- 2009 to 2015 Alagnak River sockeye sa	er coho salmor peak/peak-cycle lmon escapeme rvey-based esc	n in 2013 and C e escapement g ents for Alagnal capement goal v	oal of 6-10 million k River (Tower) es vill be used in years	sockeye and ar capement goal s that the Alagn	off-peak escap are expanded a ak River tower	pement goal of erial surveys. is not operate	f 2-10 million		onica before	end of run.				

